IN LUCK

to be back here in time to revamp your wardrobe at our store to-day. If you're just going away you're in still greater luck. See how we can fix you out for \$10.00. In this Dissolution Sale you can get a light-weight Suit-flannel, cheviot, or cassimere-for

| | | \$5.00. | former | price | \$15.00 |
|---|-----------------|---------|--------|-------|---------|
| 2 | sets underwear | | | price | |
| 2 | negligee shirts | 1.58, | former | price | 2.00 |
| | pair hose | -35. | former | price | .50 |
| 2 | cravats | .78, | former | price | 1.00 |
| 6 | collars | .60, | former | price | .75 |
| | straw hat | | former | price | 2.00 |
| | | 70.00 | | | \$22.25 |

You can't lose

AT THE WHEN

A bunch of odd \$8.00, \$10.00, \$12.00 and \$15.00 Men's Suits at \$5.00.

Our Fall and Winter Lines

"Dress Goods," "Woolens,"

"Underwear," "Men's Furnishings," "Hosiery," "Floor Oilcloths," "Linoleums," "Prints," "Domestics,"

Are the largest we have ever shown. Complete Sample Collections, and a very large proportion of the merchandise represented, now in newspapers are giving me credit for havstore for any desired delivery. No bette: representation, or more carefully selected lines to be seen in any market. The lowest prices and most liberal terms.

HIBBEN, HOLLWEG & CO

Dry Goods, Notions, Woolens, Etc. (WHOLESALE EXCLUSIVELY.)

==BONDS==

-WE OFFER-\$10,000 Greenwood, Ind., School. \$120,000 Marion County, Ind. \$20,000 Decatur County, Ind. \$10,000 Sectt County, Ind. \$27,000 Union Traction Co. of Ind. 7,000 Warren Water Co Belt Railroad Com. Stock. Ranh Fertilizer Co. Fref. Stock Indianapolis Fire Ins. Co. Stock. Price 150 Ind. Title Guar. & Loan Co. Stock. Price 93 Columbia National Bank Stock. Price 107 H. P. Wasson Pref. Stock. Price 103.

J. F. WILD & CO., Successors to Campbell, Wild & Co., 205 Stevenson Building.

Price and particulars upon application.

INVALID'S RUBBER GOODS Air Beds, Pillow and Chair Cushions, Hospital Rings, Urinals, Bed Pans, Fountain and Bulb Syringes, Hot Water Bottles, Stomach Tules and Shower Baths Bath Cabinets.

WM. H. ARMSTRONG & CO., SURGICAL INSTRUMENT MAKERS, 224 and 226 S. Meridian street, Indianapolis, Ind.

ENTIMELY DEATH OF ROBERT G. EV-ANS A CAUSE FOR REGRET.

Was Not Only Preminent Politically in Minnesota, but Was Influential in All the Northwest.

HE FAVORED MR. FAIRBANKS

AND WOULD HAVE SUPPORTED HIM IN NATIONAL CONVENTION,

Providing the Indiana Senator Permitted His Name to Be Used as

Staff Correspondence of the Journal. WASHINGTON, Aug. 29. - The untimely death of District Attorney Robert G. Evans, of Minneapolis, was of far more than state consequence in a political way. As a public man Mr. Evans was one of ciation for the Advancement of Science the strong and imposing figures of the Northwest. His strength was of that stalwart and sturdy variety which is given by McGee, the Chesterfieldan ethnologist, who me from duty on the court, I am entirely Grant public confidence. The people of his State knows all about the men who have inhab- ready to withdraw voluntarily or to have thoroughly believed in him. When he was | ited the earth, was down on the programme a candidate for United States senators to read an innocent-looking paper, entitled after the death of Senator Davis the people "Current Questions in Anthropology." He partment, knowing all the circumstances, were sincerely disappointed over his defeat. He was a man of the State and not of the hered to the supposition that mankind had politicians. It is more than likely that had he lived he would not have been a candi- be apparent that the negro, the Mongolian, date again, but even without senatorial honor he was almost certain to become a of Adam and Eve having set up housekeepdominating influence in the Republicanism | ing in the Garden of Eden was, in the opinof the Northwest. This is true independent of his political ambition. The people would have forced him into such a position, and, lines for thirty minutes, and then the supwith a natural liking for political affairs, it may be assumed that he would have responded with alacrity to the promptings anthropologists, being the curator of the tion for the statements attributed to you of public confidence.

It is a distinct loss to the State to have and gave exhaustive data to make his arbeen deprived of two of its most forceful gument effective. men in the period of one year. Senator would doubtless have supported him for appeared as a candidate this support would | interesting, but ephemeral, personages, have been given as a matter of State pride It is almost probable that the entire Northdesirable, although they have never so per- first week in January in the interest of a the event that it shall seem desirable to formed their political duties in convention. | movement looking to the bringing together | do so. What you have said only confirms Mr. Evans saw this possibility and was of all the scientific bodies in the United | me in the belief that the department has anxious to see the States exert their in- States in midwinter convocation. fluence in national affairs in this way. That Davis and Evans should die within a year is of political consequence.

There are indications, however, that the disposition of the Northwestern States to work with practical harmony for one set of political principles and purposes and for candidates has gained considerable headway. Perhaps it has made such progress that it may continue, even without the city. The charges in the complaint set personal guidance of the late leaders. Nu- forth that Cooper has been guilty of permerically none of these States is strong enough to wield a great influence in conventions or in public affairs. Any one would be and is dwarfed by such great States as Ohio, Illinois, Pennsylvania, etc. If they should work together there would be glory and recognition for all in a prac-

tical political way. Six or eight senators

might not get along very well in the division of patronage, but there would be

enough to fight over to keep things inter-As is well known, Mr. Evans is one of the men who believed Senator Fairbanks publican national convention. He made no secret of this. There was a warm friendship between the two, and Mr. Evans lost no opportunity of impressing his friends as a candidate. While it may be admitted that Mr. Fairbanks is not a candidate, that does not prevent the discussion of his name whenever presidential politics are the subject of conversation

his death has caused a renewal in the interest in the political conditions in Minne-It is known here that a perfect understanding had recently been reached by the two Minnesota senators and Mr. Evans Until recently it was understood that Mr. Evans would be a candidate for senator again. When it was learned that he would not oppose Senator Clapp it became plain that the two senators and the district attorney were working in harmony. There was a visit at the home of Senator Nelson at Alexandria, Minn., when the two senators and Nelson were present. It perhaps is safe guessing that it was understood there that the dominant interests in Minnesota politics would be in favor of Mr. Fairbanks in the next convention, providing his name went before the convention. It is also perhaps true that this movement had gone so far that the death of Mr. Evans will not interfere with the plans. It was hardly a personal matter. Mr. Evans merely insisted that the State should have convictions of its own. that it should take an early and prominent part in political work, and in the end, if it had worked hard and fair, it would receive proper recognition at the hands of the party leaders, no matter whether it was on the winning or losing side so far as candidates were concerned

Senator Quarles, of Wisconsin, was also present at the visit. Wisconsin politics are n a mixed shape. Senator Quarles is not disposed to pose as a State leader, but his presence, nevertheless, indicates two things. In the first place, that Senator Spooner, of Wisconsin, will not be a candidate. In the second place, that there is a disposition upon the part of the Northwestern leaders to have some politics in common. The Dakotas are in the fledgling state so far as Republicanism is concerned. and they might like to be in the strong and

sociable company of their sister States. The visit of Roosevelt to the state fair also has political significance in Minnesota He was there as the guest of Thomas Chevin, the national committeeman from the State. He is a rich lumberman, one of the best fellows in the world, impulsive, popular and a rusher. He is an out-and-out Roosevelt man and does not care who knows it. He makes much of the Rough Rider, and vows that he will do what he can for him and does not care who knows cal leaders of the State, but will, neverthe-

OTTO CARMICHAEL. NEVER AN ADAM OR EVE.

Prof. McGee's Theory Supported by the Convention of Scientists.

DENVER, Aug. 30.-The American Assodecided yesterday that there never was either an Adam nor an Eve. Prof. W. J. said that for centuries students had adsprung from a common parentage. Modern research had shattered this theory. It must the Malay and the Caucasian could not have descended from the same pair. Talk ion of the professor, absurd. There must have been several such couples. Professor McGee continued along these porters of the common parentage idea got the floor, Prof. George Dorsey, who occupied a front seat at all gatherings of anthropological section of the Field Mu-

He was ably seconded by Prof. Frank Davis was one of the ablest men in public | members went over to McGee, and it was | life, and had he been alive his own State soon apparent that the latter had won the the newspapers. The department, let me It is known as the Long-Brown Oil Comday, and the story of Eden and its occu- assure you, has no purpose of relieving pants would have to be placed on the shelf with William Tell, Santa Claus and other in your sense of justice and fair-mindedand as a vote of confidence and commenda- council and such sections as may desire itself to decide the question of your com- barrels of oil. The total value of the proption of his distinguished public services. will hold a business meeting at Chicago petency to sit as a member. the first week in January, 1902. The next | regular meeting of the association will be ing merely personal I should refer it to west would have supported Davis in the held at Pittsburg, Pa., during the week the judge advocate of the court, to be laid convention. There is a bond of sympathy commencing June 25, 1902. The outgoing before the court. I would like to know if between these groups of States which committee recommends that the meeting you have any objection to my giving to would make united political action most of 1903 be held at Washington during the the public your frank and manly letter, in Hundreds of Carloads Will Be Shipped

seum at Chicago, defended Adam and Eve.

Lawyer Accused of Perjury.

RAPID CITY, S. D., Aug. 30.-The officers of the United States land office in this city have received instructions from the General Land Office at Washington to commence disbarment proceedings against O L. Cooper, a prominent attorney of this jury in his practice before the land office; also that he has secured illegal homestead entries, has threatened the lives of the officials of the land office in this city and has done other unlawful things.

AND REPLY OF FRANK W. HACKETT, ACTING SECRETARY OF WAR.

Text of Personal Correspondence in Regard to Rear Admiral Schley's Protest.

MISQUOTED HOWISON

BOSTON REPORTER'S STATEMENT WAS FAR FROM ACCURATE.

Schley Was Not Compared Unfavorably with Sampson-Admiral Watson After Schley's Maligners.

public personal correspondence between Rear Admiral Howison and himself in relation to the fitness of the admiral to serve upon the court of inquiry, Admiral Howison having consented that his personal letter shall be given to the public. A copy of Rear Admiral Howison's letter has been sent to Rear Admiral Schley. The correspondence follows:

"No. 72 Ashburton Avenue, Yonkers, N. Y., Aug. 24. "Dear Sir-I have just returned to my ome after a short visit to Saratoga and Lake George. Owing to my detail as a member of the court of inquiry ordered to meet on Sept. 12 next I find that man; ng served my country in the United States navy for nearly half a century with honor. see also that I am thought to be objectionable as a member of this court of inquiry, it being stated that I publicly expressed opinions on the conduct of the battle of Santiago while serving as commanthe result of that engagement was known. public utterances on navy or other subavoid the visits and questions of representatives of newspapers while serving at important stations and at times when the navy has been so busily employed. At Mare island during my long service there, particularly during the great railroad strike, the papers contained many statements said to have been obtained in my office. Most, if not all, of these reports were harmless, readable articles on the operations of the several naval detachments serving for the preservation of law and order. During my two years' service at the Boston station there was seldom a day passed without receiving visits from representatives of the several Boston papers, and during the Spanish-American war the navy yard there was seldom withnewspaper reporters. I found them with Mr. Fairbanks's potential strength to be polite and gentlemanly at all times, and whatever information or news I could reasonably impart I gave them. I have often interpreted to a number of them the laws and regulations for the navy by attempting to answer their numerous questions relating to the duties and responsithe guest of Mr. Evans a short time before bilities of the several grades of officers throughout a fleet of vessels from the commander-in-chief to the lowest rate

among the crew. "When the news of our navy's success at | the scarcity of pipe and its high price. Manila and again at Santiago reached Boston the people there were not behind the rest of the United States in giving honor and praise to the navy and to the commanders-in-chief of the fleets. The enthucasm of the population in praise and honor the troubles commenced as to where the credit and honors should go for the success of this engagement. It is no news to the navy to say that where all do their duty the first honors for success go to the officer "The word 'respected,' as used by the renavy men in comparing the qualities possessed by officers, and I am sure I could never have said this as he reports, nor said that Schley had the reputation of being nervous and hot-headed in the Naval Academy. One may say an officer stands high in his class, if true; another may stand higher distinguished for eminent diplomatic and are of good standing and proficient in their necessary professional calling

"I have no recollection of the gentleman representing the Boston Record, and I do not approve of his public statement as mine. I cannot say that I have not discussed with newspapers relating to our navy's success, as well as the unfortunate disputes so wide- Jay ly commented on. There are few or no persons in the navy or in our country who have not daily discussed these newspaper

"From the newspapers it appears that Admiral Schley has strong doubts as to my fitness to fairly judge this case with Admirals Dewey and Benham. As it is a case of grave importance to those concerned and to the country, I am desirous of giving my little help to clear away the troubles. The duties of members of courts-martial and courts of inquiry are not sought or desired it. He is not in close touch with the politi- the department's selection of myself for this duty, it is anything but a pleasant tas to sit in judgment on brother officers. However, the honor of the selection nor the unpleasantness of court duties do not enter into the reasons for my now writing to say to you, personally, three things, namely: "First-To reassure you that I am not responsible for and did not give out such an nterview as is alleged in the dispatches from Boston and as stated in the newspapers to have been mentioned by Admiral Schley in a recent letter to the depart-

"Second-If, however, the department feels that the cause of the navy, and of justice, will be better served by relieving Adams 14 the department relieve me upon its own

"Third-If, on the other hand, the dedesires that I should perform the duty. I Wabash am entirely ready to perform it, and can, on my conscience and oath, do my duty as a member of the court without partiality, as the law requires. Yours sincerely and respectfully,

"H. L. HOWISON. "Rear Admiral, United States Navy. "Hon. Frank W. Hackett, Washington,

[Personal.]

"Washington, Aug. 26. "Dear Admiral-Your personal letter of Independent Operators Pool Properthe 24th deserves an immediate reply. You say substantially that there is no foundaas having been set forth in an interview afterward published in the Boston Record. and lately made the subject of a communication from Rear Admiral Schley to the department. You evidently have read the you of this duty. It has implicit confidence "Were your letter official instead of bebeen fortunate in selecting you as the third member of the court. "Kindly accept the assurance of my per-

sonal esteem and believe me, yours truly, "FRANK W. HACKETT. Rear Admiral H. L. Howison, United States Navy, Yonkers, N. Y." The correspondence was sent to Admiral Schley, who discussed it with his counsel. Later in the day the following announcement was made: "Admiral Schley's counsel is entirely dissatisfied with the position is not a comprehensive denial of the statements attributed to Admiral Howison, nor, they say, does it disclose sufficiently the Have you seen Mrs. Austin's new dress? admiral's freedom from bias. It is prob-

a letter to the acting secretary of the navy. Commander Richard Wainwright, super-ntendent of the Naval Academy, came over to Washington from Annapolis to-day and spent some time in conference with Captain Lemly, judge advocate of the Schley court, in reference to the testimony to be furnished by the commander, who is one of the witnesses on the government

list. Captain Lemly has been engaged in

this kind of work for the past week, lay-

ing the base for the presentation of his

Nothing has been heard by Acting Sec-retary Hackett from Captain Forsyth in answer to the department's interrogatory touching his reputed interview in relation to the Schley case. Mr. Hackett's attention has not yet been directed formally to the publication this morning ascribing certain expressions bearing on the Schley case to Rear Admiral Watson, but when the matter was referred to informally Mr Hackett intimated that it was not of sufcient importance to warrant letter-writing The naval orders of to-day contain the names of three persons designated as witresses in the coming inquiry. They are Lieut. John Hood, of the Indiana; Lieut. James G. Doyle, who, according to a cable-gram received to-day from Admiral Remey at Cavite, has been detached from the New York and ordered home, and Chaplain

W. T. Helms, now on the Buffalo, who has been ordered home immediately. WATSON A SCHLEY PARTISAN.

No One Will Be Permitted to Call His Friend a Coward.

NEW YORK, Aug. 30 .- Admiral John C. Watson is quoted in the World as having said, in the course of a private conversation in Washington: "If any naval officer asserts that Admiral Schley is a coward and the fact comes to my knowledge, I will see that the delinquent is given a chance to vindicate his opinion before a courtmartial. I will prefer charges against such an offender myself. The remarks, according to the World's correspondent, were brought out as a re-sult of the retailing of some of the charges brought against Rear Admiral Schley.

Claeson Found in Brooklyn.

pected to be called as a witness before the court of inquiry.

Referring to the movements of the vesdant at the Boston navy yard shortly after enemy is escaping.' All the ships directed sult of that engagement was known. their course toward the enemy. The French religious community at Beyrout. to get down to business." He also said that he had been anxious for three years to tell all he knew about that battle and jects. It has been impossible for me to the work of the Brooklyn, and that he would be glad to have that opportunity.

WELLS ABANDONED

PIPE IN FOUR PRODUCERS DRAW FOR USE ELSEWHERE.

Caused by Scarcity of Tubing and Its High Price-August in the Indiana Field.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal MONTPELIER, Ind., Aug. 29.-The large decrease in the oil operations in the Indiana of to-day's article. After careful inquiry oil field for the month of August is due to the tube mills do not start turning out pipe country. Many of the old producing wells that are about played out will be abansave money. At the present price of pipe the crude product should at least bring better than \$1 in this field.

The August report shows 228 wells completed in the Indiana field, of which 24 failed to produce the product and are listed in the dry hole or gas well column, the less failure than did July, but in new work under way there is a large decline. In new rigs up there are 33 less, and in drilling wells just 40 less, making a decline in new work of 73. This is the largest decline in new work in the field at any time during the past two years.

The following figures explain more fully the trend of operations in the various counties in the oil and gas fields proper of the State, and are of more than passing interest to the trade in general: -Summary of Completed Wells .--August.-

Wells

Blackford 23

Com. Pro. Dry. Com. Pro. Dry

| Grant 64 1,290 7 60 1,130 6 Huntington 8 140 2 7 80 0 Madison 12 320 3 13 330 3 Miami 3 40 0 3 30 0 Marion 2 60 0 2 30 0 Delaware 5 90 1 9 160 2 Wabash 3 30 1 3 30 1 Jasper 18 62 2 18 70 2 Miscellane's 17 68 14 22 110 17 Totals 228 3,910 42 244 3,700 43 Decrease completed wells 16 1 13 16 16 Increase new production, brls 210 210 20 20 Average January wells, brls 18 18 20 Average March wells, brls 22 22 24 24 24 <th>-</th> <th>Adams 20</th> <th>210</th> <th>-</th> <th>41</th> <th>430</th> <th>1</th> | - | Adams 20 | 210 | - | 41 | 430 | 1 |
|---|-----|--|----------|------------------|--------|-------------|------|
| Huntington 8 140 2 7 80 0 Madison 12 329 3 13 330 3 Miami 3 40 0 3 30 0 Marion 2 60 0 2 30 0 Delaware 5 90 1 9 160 2 Wabash 3 30 1 3 30 1 Jasper 18 62 2 18 70 2 Miscellane's 17 68 14 22 110 17 Totals 228 3,910 42 244 3,700 43 Decrease completed wells 16 Increase new production, brls 210 Decrease dry holes 1 Abandoned wells 56 Average January wells, brls 18 Average February wells, brls 18 Average February wells, brls 20 Average March wells, brls 221/2 Average May wells, brls 221/2 Average May wells, brls 221/2 Average June wells, brls 221/2 Average July wells, brls 211/2 | 1 | Grant 64 | 1.290 | 7 | 60 | 1.130 | 6 |
| Madison 12 320 3 13 330 3 Miami 3 40 0 3 30 0 Marion 2 60 0 2 30 0 Delaware 5 90 1 9 160 2 Wabash 3 30 1 3 30 1 Jasper 18 62 2 18 70 2 Miscellane's 17 68 14 22 110 17 Totals 228 3,910 42 244 3,700 43 Decrease completed wells 16 16 16 16 16 16 Increase new production, brls 210 210 20 210 20 Decrease dry holes 1 18 4 22 11 171/2 Average January wells, brls 18 20 171/2 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20< | 3 | Huntington 8 | 140 | 2 | | | 0 |
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| Jasper | ş | Wabash 3 | | 1 | - 3 | 30 | 1 |
| Miscellane's 17 68 14 22 110 17 Totals 228 3,910 42 244 3,700 43 Decrease completed wells 16 | 9 | Jasper 18 | 62 | 2 | 18 | 70 | - 2 |
| Totals228 3,910 42 244 3,700 43 Decrease completed wells | | Miscellane's 17 | 68 | 14 | | | 17 |
| Decrease completed wells | 1 | | | | | A.A.57 | - |
| Increase new production, brls | | Totals228 | 3,910 | 42 | 244 | 3,700 | 43 |
| Increase new production, brls | ı | Decrease comple | ted we | lls | | 16 | |
| Decrease dry holes | 1 | Increase new pr | oductio | n. b | rls | 216 |) |
| Abandoned wells | 8 | Decrease dry hol | 65 | | | | |
| Average January wells, brls | 1 | Abandanad walls | | ***** | ****** | | |
| Average February wells, brls. 17½ Average March wells, brls. 20 Average April wells, brls. 22½ Average May wells, brls. 22 Average June wells, brls. 21½ Average July wells, brls. 18¾ | 8 | Abandoned Wens | | | | 3 | 9 |
| Average March wells, bris | ı | Average January | wens | , Dri | S | I | S |
| Average April wells, brls | 8 | Average Februar | y well | s, br | IS | I | 71/2 |
| Average April wells, brls | - | Average March | wells, l | orls | | 2 |) |
| Average May wells, bris | uil | | | | | | |
| Average July wells, brls | | Average April v | vells, 1 | orls | | 2 | 21/4 |
| Average July wells, bris 1816 | | Average May we | vells, b | orls | | 2 | 21/4 |
| Average August wells, bris | | Average May we | ells, br | orls | | 2 | 21/2 |
| Average August Wells, Dris 21% | - | Average May we Average June we | ells, br | orls ls | | 2 2 | 21/2 |
| | - | Average May we Average June we Average July we | ells, br | orls ls ls | | 2 2 1 | 21/2 |

-Drilling Wells and Rigs .--August.--July.-Drg. Rig. Tot. Drg. Rig. Tot. Blackford Huntington ... Madison Miami Marion Delaware

Decrease drilling wells Decrease rigs up Net decrease in new work

A \$150,000 OIL COMPANY.

ties at Bluffton.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. BLUFFTON, Ind., Aug. 30 .- One of the largest independent oil companies in the State was organized here to-day. The in-Russell, of Harvard, but the rest of the correspondence between the admiral and corporators are M. Long, D. W. Brown, W. the department, as published last week in A. Kunkle and C. M. Muller, all of Bluffton. pany, and is capitalized at \$150,000. The incorporators have pooled property in ness. Should the counsel for Rear Ad- | Wells, Huntington and Blackford counties, The American Association closed its fif- miral Schley proceed to offer to the court consisting of 800 acres of leases, with sevtieth annual convention this morning. The objection to you, it will be for the court enty wells and a daily production of 300

POTATOES ARE PLENTY.

East from California. STOCKTON, Cal., Aug. 30,-A special train of about forty carloads of potatoes left here to-day for the Middle and Southern States. The potatoes were raised on the river islands west of this city and towed here on barges. The demand for ment is doing all it can to suppress slave potatoes, onions and cabbage throughout the Middle States is large, owing to the drought, and hundreds of carloads will be sent there from Stockton this year. Local dealers are paying from \$1.50 to \$1.60 a of Admiral Howison as disclosed in his hundred pounds for potatoes on the river letter to Acting Secretary Hackett, made bank. To-day's shipment is the largest The lawyers hold that it | single consignment of potatoes ever sent

out of the State.

NO EFFORT WILL BE MADE TO CO-ERCE THE SULTAN AT PRESENT.

Active Measures May Be Taken, However, After Festivities in Honor of the Czar Are Over.

TURKEY'S FIRST RETALIATION

CONCESSIONS TO A FRENCH RELIG-IOUS SOCIETY WITHDRAWN.

Revival of the Rumor that Premier Salisbury Will Retire from Active Political Life.

PARIS. Aug. 30.-The Franco-Turkish situation remains unchanged. It is understood that the French government will take no active measures to coerce the Sultan until after the Czar's visit to France, in order that nothing may occur to mar the festivities attending that event. Munir Bey, the Turkish ambassador to France, who is residing in Switzerland, has made a flying trip to Paris to have an interview with M. Constans, the French ambassador to Turkey. He came incognito, in order to avoid being handed his passports. What | tana, to be Governor of Porto Rico. Other transpired at the interview is not known, appointments follow: NEW YORK, Aug. 30.-Gustaf E. Clae- but it is believed it will lead to a modifison, who was at the helm of the battleship | cation of the situation. The fete planned Texas on the day of the battle of Santiago. In honor of the anniversary of the accesand for whom the judge advocate of the sion of Abdul Hamid II, which it was innavy has been searching, lives in Brooklyn. | tended to give at the Turkish embassy to-Claeson is a Swede thirty-five years old. | morrow, has been canceled. The minister participate in the celebration The Matin to-day says: "The Sultan's sels in the Santiago fight he said: "Com- first retaliation against France is the pubcessions and tax exemptions from the McIntyre, Richard H. McMaster.

ANOTHER SALISBURY RUMOR.

Renewal of the Report that His Lordship Intends to Resign.

LONDON, Aug. 30 .- The Pall Mall Gazette, under the heading, "The Prime Minister's Impending Resignation," fixes Lord Salisbury's retirement as probable after the coronation of King Edward, though Presley K. Brice, George T. Perkins, John some persons place it in the autumn or McManus, Augustine McIntyre, John B. some persons place it in the autumn or early winter. Supporting the news editorially, the Pall Mall Gazette says: "The facts square with our knowledge to the extent that the Unionist party should prepare for a new premiership.' Chiefly owing to the lack of all interest-

ing news, the Pall Mall Gazette's announcement attracted considerable attention. The credence attached to it was due more to foretelling the retirement of the late Mr. Gladstone than by the inherent probability a representative of the Associated Press found there was nothing to justify the prophecy. An official who has been more associated with Lord Salisbury than any one else for over thirty years said: "I have not heard a single word from Lord Salisbury or his friends to justify this latest resurrection of the retirement rumor. | the controller of the treasury, has rendoned and the material used for the drilling It is true Lord Salisbury is getting very old, but he is now relieved of the bulk of merly so trying. I do not think he is very the recent decision of the United States eager to retire, and, what is more to the point. I feel certain the party would not I think you will see Lord Sallsbury premier so long as his health lasts and a Unionist government is in power. Personally, he has to the United States between the date of no pursuits to which he desires to devote more leisure. In fact, I believe he would feel quite lost without a certain amount of statesmanship to occupy his energy.

A Franco-American Demonstration. PARIS, Aug. 30.-The visit yesterday of M. Andre, the minister of war, to the United States training ship Hartford, which had put into La Rochelle to witness the western army maneuvers, was the occasion of a little Franco-American dembeing shown over the vessel, General Andre keen satisfaction to being aboard an American ship, and said he hoped the visit would contribute to the tightening of the bonds of friendship uniting the sailors of the two nations. Commander John M. Hawley, of the Hartford, in response, thanked Gen- the United States or the collector of cusvisit, and promised to inform his government of it. The ship's band then played the "Marseillaise" and "America." A banquet was given in the evening, at which all the admirals and generals were ficers were invited, General Andre sitting with Admiral Menard, commanding the northern squadron, on his right, and Com- tained and settled in the highest court in

mander Hawley on his left. Cannot Break Through the Polar Sea. fellows that the ascertainment of the fact | be disposed of under the general provisions steamer Frithjof, which arrived here yes- judgment of a court, the only tribunal that | Woods's location is valid. terday after having successfully landed the Baldwin-Zeigler arctic expedition at Camp | the effect to nullify the appropriation. Zeigler, on Alger island, spoke the Russian ice-breaking steamer Ermak three weeks ago. Admiral Makaroff, the originator of the idea to reach the pole with the Ermak, said his experience had convinced him that it was impossible to force a way through the polar sea. The admiral was then homeward bound. He saw Mr.

Chinese Captain Decapitated.

LONDON, Aug. 31 .- "The captain of the guard on the occasion of the Chu-Chau massacre has been decapitated," says a dispatch to the Times from Shanghai, "and the Governor promises to punish twentyfour others concerned. Nevertheless, Yung Ching, the provincial treasurer, and Pao. the toa-tai, who were primarily responsible for the massacre, have been allowed to go to the Sian-Fu undegraded by loss of

The Czar Starts for Copenhagen. ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 30 .- The Czar,

Czarina and the imperial children sailed this afternoon for Copenhagen on board the yacht Standard. They will remain a few days in Denmark before proceeding to Kiel and Dantzic. Cable Notes.

The Earl of Crawfords has bought the auxiliary steam yacht Valhalla, owned by the Count and Countess De Castellane. The London Express says: "France and Russia will have ninety-two submarine boat destroyers within six months' time." The Chilean Congress has ratified the nomination of Don Jerman Riesco as future President. He will assume office "An American syndicate," says a dispatch

to the London Times from Lima, "has begun buying the Cerro de Pasco copper The Hamburg-American line steamer

Auguste Victoria, from Hamburg, which sailed from Southampton yesterday for New York, via Cherbourg, has among her passengers Charles H. Grasty, publisher of the Baltimore News, and Mrs. Grasty, and former United States Attorney General Wayne MacVeagh and Mrs. MacVeagh. Replying to an American consular criticism of the Italian treatment of the slave traffic in Erythrea, Italian East Africa, the Tribuna, of Rome, contends the governtrading, but as the Red sea coast is most difficult to patrol some of the traders escape. Italy regrets this, the Tribuna says, and is striving to remedy the evil.

No Canned Salmon for Foreigners. VANCOUVER, B. C., Aug. 30 .- So great has the demand for canned salmon become in the United States that no shipments will be made of this season's pack from Puget

sound to England. American canners are

selling their total pack at home and the English market will be practically left to

the salmon packers of British Columbia. TO FIGHT DRINK WITH DRINK

Good People Will Try to Run a Sa loonist Out of Business.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Aug. 30,-James Frost has appeared at Dickson, Tenn., to engage in the saloon business. His place is being decorated and furnished. Visions of mixed drinks and staggering men caused consternation among the good people of the town. They are now organizing a stock company, composed of one hundred leading citizens, with the intention of opening u an opposition saloon. At this liquor sho an expert bartender will be called and drinks sold at cost, taking all profit from the traffic, which, they claim, will drive Frost out of business and rid the town of liquor traffic. The liquor war preparations | to pay judgments of the character of the are attracting much attention, because the best and most religious people in the community will engage in the liquor business. Under the laws enacted by the last Legislature a saloon can be legally opened at

MR. ALLEN'S SUCCESSOR

WILLIAM M. HUNT APPOINTED GOV-ERNOR OF PORTO RICO.

Officers of Artillery Also Named by the President-The De Lima Case Finally Disposed Of.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30 .- The President to-day appointed William H. Hunt, of Mon-Colonel, Artillery Corps-John L. Tiernon.

Grimes, John M. K. Davis,

Lieutenant Colonels, Artillery-George S.

Majors, Artillery-Alexander B. Dyer, Medorem Crawford, Graland N. Whistier, Albert S. Cummins, Henry A. Reed. Captains, Artillery-Phinp R. Ward, Win-Claeson is a Swede thirty-five years old. morrow, has been canceled. The minister field S. Overton, Myrvin C. Buckey, Erale In an interview to-night he said he ex- of war, General Andre, withdrew the per- D. A. Pearce, Arthur S. Conklin, Benjamin mission enabling a military orchestra to M. Koehler, James F. Brady, Hugh LaF. Appelwhite, Roderick L. Carmichael, Andrew Moses, Thomas Q. Ashburn, Samuel modore Schley posted the signal 'The lication of an trade withdrawing the con- Cloke, Samuel C. Vestal, Thomas H. R. First Lieutenants, Artillery-Gwynne R. Hancock, Dan T. Moore, Clarence B. Smith, Russell P. Reeder, Robert F. McMillan Godwin Ordway, Lynn S. Edwards, George M. Brooke, Hugh K. Taylor, George Deiss, Alden Trotter, Spencer M. Bowman, Charles R. Lawson, Gilbert Youngberg, Francis A. Pope, Stanley B. Hamilton, William P. Stockey, William I. Westervelt, Edwin G. Davis, Frederick L. Buck, Jay P. Hopkins, Leroy T. Hillman, Upton Biernie, jr., Archibald H. Sunderland, Clarence Deems, jr., Raymond H. Fenner, Charles L. J. Frohwitter, Edward P. Nones, Arthur P. Hyde, Clifford C. Carson, Harry Mitchell, Ernest E. Allen, Fred C. Doyle,

> Murphy, Frank D. Edwards, George Greene, Robert M. Ellicott, Theodore H. Kech, Henry C. Merriam, Raymond W. Briggs, Harry C. Williams. Surgeons, Rank of Majer-Eugene L. Swift, Paul Shillock. First Lieutenants in the Porto Rico Provisional Regiment of Infantry-Paul Wuttke, Terence Hamill. Leng Hui, to be interpreter to the legation and United States consulate general at George B. Adams, of New York, to be

> Inited States district judge for the Southern district of New York. END OF THE DE LIMA CASE.

> Decision by Controller Tracewell That

Disposes of the Matter. dered a decision which disposes of the the dull foreign affairs, which were for- famous De Lima case. He holds that under Supreme Court the judgment obtained by allow it, unless age made far greater in- De Lima & Co. for \$14,597 from the roads on his health than it has at present. | United States on account of duties paid by the ratification of the treaty of Paris and may be paid out of the general appropria-

further action by Congress. The question of issue was whether view of the recent decision of the United States Supreme Court this judgment might be paid for appropriations or referred to Congress for a specific appropriation. The judgment obtained by the plaintiffs was for \$14,597, which includes the sum of \$1,509 interest, being the interest on the amount paid in excess, to wit, \$13,145 to date of onstration. After an inspection of the rendition of judgment and also the sums of \$69 costs in the Supreme Court and \$21

in the Circuit Court. After referring the case of Lascelles & lo., which was similar to the case under onsideration and decided by the controller n July last, he says: "The only difference between the case under consideration and that case is in the former case Lascelles & Co. had not recovered judgment against eral Andre for the honor of his unexpected | toms for the duties so wrongfully exacted and paid by them under protest.

"It would seem to the ordinary mind that it would be a travesty on justice to refund duties illegally exacted where a judgment had not been obtained, and to refuse a represent, and to which the American of- fund under exactly similar conditions where the persons seeking the refund had been diligent and had their rights ascer-If the illegal exaction of such duties and of the homstead and townsite laws of HAMMERFEST, Norway, Aug. 30 .- The | the ascertainment of their amount by the | United States, and that under this law can finally and conclusively settle these questions, would not and could not have "It is perfectly clear to my mind that when Section 999, Revised Statutes, and the

Scrofula

It may develop so slowly as to cause little if any disturbance during the whole

period of childhood. It may then produce irregularity of the stomach and bowels, dyspepsia, catarrh, and marked tendency to consumption before manifesting itself in much cutaneous eruption or glandular swelling.

It is best to be sure that you are quite free from it, and for its complete eradication you can rely on

Hood's Sarsaparilla

deposits for unascertained duties or other moneys paid under protest, that said Section 3689 carries an appropriation available one under consideration.

Bad Counterfeit in Circulation. WASHINGTON, Aug. 30 .- Acting Chief Moran, of the Secret Service, has received information that a very bad photographic print of the Indian head \$5 silver certificate. check letter C, has appeared, and that a man has been arrested in Toronto, Canada. for passing two of them. Up to this time no information has been received of the appearance of these notes outside of

Land Office Receipts.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.-Hon. Binger Herrmann, commissioner of the general land office, has completed his annual report, which shows that during the year 15,662,796 acres of the public domain were disposed of, and that the receipts of the office were \$4,972,160. The receipts exceeded those of last year by \$592,402 and the land disposals by 2,108,908 acres.

APPLAUSE STOPPED.

Negroes Informed "This Is the Funeral of Your Liberties."

RICHMOND, Va., Aug. 30.-Delegate Summers, of Washington county, Republican, to-day continued his argument in the state constitutional convention to the reported preamble to the proposed Constitution and advocating the amendment. The galleries were again crowded, one of them F. Bottoms, Willard D. Newbill, Harold E. being entirely occupied by colored people. From that gallery came most of the applause which greeted Colonel Summer's remarks, but he discouraged any such demonstration on the part of the negroes, saying to them when applause was attempted:

"Stop that, this in a funeral of your lib-Colonel Summers deprecated any criticism of the convention, saying that it was a hard-working, intelligent, moderate and conservative body of men. for careful consideration of the claims of the colored population, repeating at some length the arguments made before the committee by the colored men who appeared before it. He contended that these witnesses were credible and asked that their testimony should have due consideration in the interest of all.

Man with \$300 May Vote.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Aug. 30.-In the constitutional convention to-day Delegate Jones's amendment was adopted providing for the calling of the Legislature together lieutenant governor. It provided that the majority of the Legislature could make known to the secretary of state their desire to have a special session of the Legis-lature called. The convention to-day completed the article on suffrage and it was adopted. The only important amendment adopted provides that persons may vote who own \$300 worth of real and personal property instead of real "or" persona

WOODS WILL KEEP HIS LAND.

His Selection at Lawton Upheld by the Interior Department.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30 .- In the contest between J. T. Calert against James R. Woods, coming from the Lawton, O. T., land district, and involving entry No. 1. the acting secretary of the interior has rendered a decision refusing to order a hearing on the case. The charges upon which the contest was founded were subtion of the Treasury Department, without | stantially that Woods's entry was made in violation of the homestead law by reason of the location on the south line of the town of Lawton, and that the entry embraces a tract a mile long and only a quarter of a mile wide, and was so taken for speculative purposes and not for agricultural purposes and that the entry was made at a time when there were a large number of townsite settlers on the land who occupied it for trade and business

The decision holds that the selection and entry of land adjacent to the town of Lawton was not in violation of the letter or spirit of the law, and that the fact that there may have been alleged townsite settlers on the lands at the time he made his entry does not affect Woods's right of entry. The land was not subject to appropriation for townsite purposes nor was any person authorized to enter upon it or occupy it for purposes of trade or business. and no such occupancy could operate to defeat his right to enter. It is further held in the opinion that Woods's entry is not invalid on account of the form of the tract embraced; that the special provisions of the act of May 2, in the general proof the act of May 2, 1890, do not control visions of the homestead law do. secretary says that under the act of June the land. If there is an appropriation 6, 1900, making provision for the disposition available to pay duties illegally exacted it of these lands, it is directed that they shall

H. M. Randolph Drowned. HUNTSVILLE, Tex., Aug. 30 .- Hon. H. act of 1875 is considered with reference to gressman T. H. Ball, was drowned with Section 389, Revised Statutes, providing for his negro driver while trying to ford the



the refund to importers of the excess of Trinity river. The bodies were recovered.